

ESUPS

EMERGENCY SUPPLY PRE-POSITIONING STRATEGY

to reduce gaps and overlaps in emergency preparedness

HNPW 208 Inter-Network Day

Developing an Emergency Supply Pre-positioning Strategy (ESUPS) to
reduce gaps and overlaps in emergency preparedness

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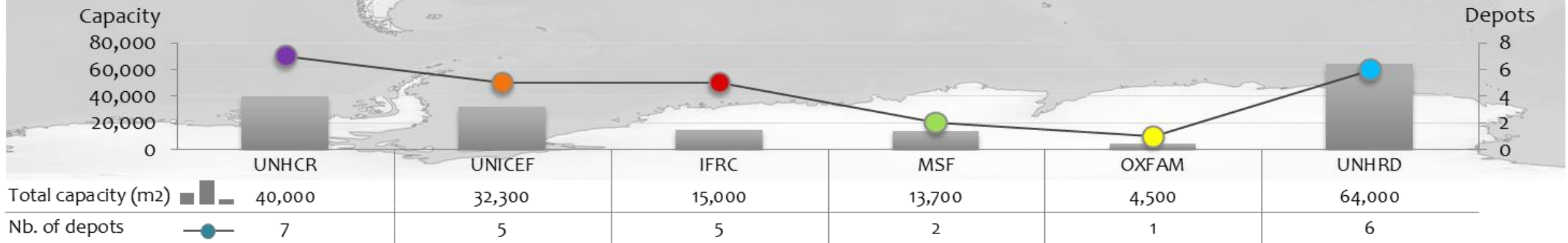
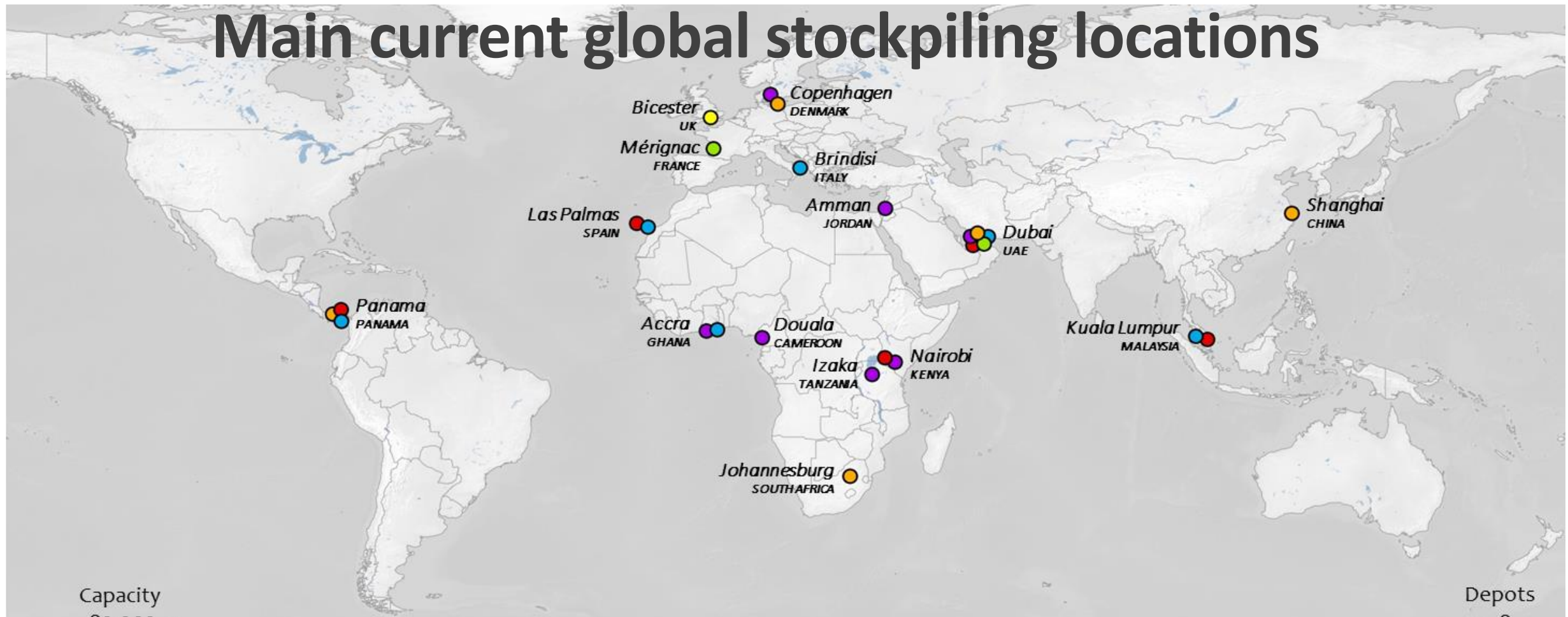
Problem:

- Many humanitarian response actors pre-position emergency supplies on a national, regional and global level according to individual past emergency response experiences,
- However, beneficiaries are still not completely served during emergencies,
- Stakeholders are missing information on available pre-positioned stock, so procurement decisions are not influenced by that or coordinated among the humanitarian community,
- Moreover, the lack of a tried, tested and accepted information and stock-sharing strategy between stakeholders, risks collective over / under-stocking and threatens coordination, cooperation, efficiency and effectiveness for the right relief items to be allocated in the right quantities, right timing and the right places,
- Furthermore, there is a relative lack of researched evidence on the Return on Investment (RoI) and Value for Money (VfM) raising donor awareness in support of funding decisions.

Statement:

- Collaboration from the UN Agencies, governments, international and non-profits organizations is a prerequisite under the Emergency Supply Pre-positioning Strategy (ESUPS) umbrella to address the actors' need for visibility when responding to emergencies,
- Furthermore, they should work together to make more accurate and strategic stock pre-positioning and procurement decisions, better use funds and resources and to identify funding gaps and achieve agreements with donors to allocate the money where will be most effective,
- Hence, ESUPS is critical for stakeholders to pre-position and deploy the right quantities and the right life-saving emergency supplies to better serve beneficiaries.

Main current global stockpiling locations



- What elements should be considered for the humanitarian community to design together a comprehensive pre-positioning strategy, information and stock sharing mechanism with which improve regional preparedness capacities? And what are the blockers, and solutions, to that objective?

- How can organizations create emergency supply pre-positioning strategies as part of their preparedness measures, that goes beyond past response experiences?

- How do we ensure that available pre-positioned stock information is always available for better procurement decisions?

- Should ESUPS assess organizations and governments capacities in pre-positioning and establish criteria for membership?

Thank You!



Thank you